



Cleaning and Care recommendation

OUTDOOR RUG SYLT

The special characteristic of the fibres of Sylt is that they do nearly absorb no moisture at all. For this reason dirt and spilled liquids are not penetrating into the fibres and most stains may be removed easily with usual care products. Observe the following recommendations and you'll enjoy your new carpet immensely.

BETTER PREVENT THAN TO HEAL

If possible please avoid bringing coarse dirt into the house. Such called dirt locks are a good solution. Outside the entrance there would be a brush mat and inside the apartment a dust-control mat with sufficient length. The brush mat will absorb coarse dirt and the dust-control mat in the hallway will take fine dirt and moistures off your shoes. The mats need to be placed and measured in that way that it is hard for people to avoid them while entering. Do not forget that dark-coloured rugs are less sensitive to dirt and stains than light colours.

REGULAR CARE

Regular vacuuming from first day is very important. We recommend to vacuum your outdoor rug with rotary brushes. They might be more expensive but they remove dust and dirt way more efficient. How often you need to vacuum your rug is dependent on

BASIC CLEANING

In order to maintain the quality and strength of your carpet, it is recommended to have it professionally cleaned on a regular basis.

We recommend three possible cleaning methods: Spray extraction, powder cleaning and shampooing.

Spray extraction is ideal for basic cleaning. If you would like to carry out the cleaning, you can borrow a special device from a specialist. However, it is recommended to leave the basic cleaning to a specialist. He knows which cleaning agents and dosage are necessary and how the devices have to be handled. In spray extraction, the pole is treated with pure water in one operation, to which a cleaning agent is added. The water is the absorbed with the dissolved dirt. Afterwards, the carpet is treated with clear water to remove any soap residue.

Dry powder with detergent is used for powder cleaning. It is distributed on the carpet and mechanically incorporated into the carpet. The dirt adhering to the surface is absorbed by the cleaning agent - After evaporation, the cleaning powder connected to the dirt is sucked off. This method has the advantage that a short drying is necessary. In principle, the carpet remains walkable during cleaning.

The shampooing process allows effective, fibre- friendly cleaning by combining special shampoo with soft brush mechanics and the atmospheric oxygen introduced into the cleaning substances.

The result is a relatively dry micro- crystallisation foam that can penetrate deeply and evenly into the soiling, thereby achieving an excellent cleaning effect. In one step, the shampoo cleans down to the fibre without soaking and dries with the dissolved dirt to a fine powder, which is simply sucked off after drying without leaving sticky residues.

No warranty claims can be made based on the recommendations in these care instructions. They are intended as additional information and serve as non-binding guidelines. We do not claim that they are complete.

REACT QUICKLY, FIRST AID FOR STAINS

Stains should always be removed immediately. You can remove elements with a spoon, then remove the stain with a dry, white, absorbent cloth.

For more stubborn stains, you can find the suitable product in the following table of care products. Use the right amount of product, not too much, not too little. Also make sure to rinse the carpet to completely remove the care product and dirt. Wait until the spot is completely dry before you walk over it again.

a) Cleaning with water

If possible, remove the stain with a clean with cloth or kitchen towel. Then treat the stain with a damp cloth and dab until residues are removed from the carpet.

b) Cleaning with soap powder solution (1 tablespoon soap powder for 25cl water)

If possible, remove the stain with a clean white cloth or kitchen towel. Then treat the stain with a cloth soaked in soapy water and dab until all residues are removed from carpet.

Important: Continue to moisten the area with clear water and completely remove the soap residues with a cloth or kitchen towel.

c) Cleaning with thinner

Remove the stain with a cloth soaked in a thinner until all residues are removed from the carpet. Important: Never tannin care products out of this stain.

d) Cleaning with stain remover

Remove the stain with cloth soaked in benzene until all residues are removed from the carpet. Important: Never tannin care products out of this stain.

e) Cleaning with acetone

Remove the stain with a cloth soaked in acetone until all residues are removed from the carpet. Important: Never tint care products out of these stains.

	a	b	c	d	e
Bier		•			
Blut	•				
Butter		•		•	
Erbrochenes		•			
Farbe/Dessin			•		
Harn	•				
Kaffee	•				
Kakao	•				
Ketchup		•			
Kugelschreiber Tinte				•	
Limonade	•				
Margarine		•			
Milch		•			
Nagellack					•
Obstflecken	•				
Obstsafte	•				
Öle				•	
Rost		•			
Rote-Beete-Saft	•				
Schokolade		•			
Schuhcreme		•			
Soße		•			
Talg				•	
Tee	•				
Tinte		•			
Wein		•			

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